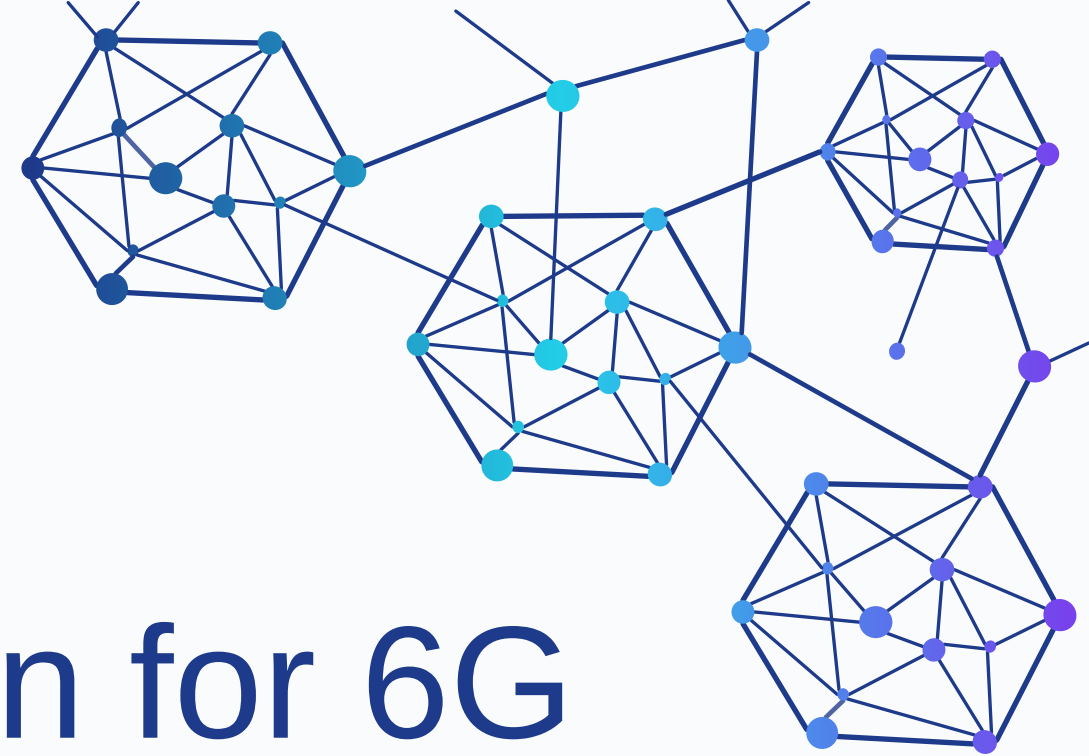


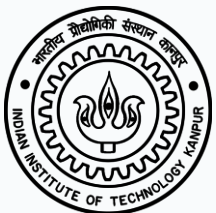


RAN Evolution for 6G

Prof. Rohit Budhiraja | IIT Kanpur

International Workshop on 6G Standardization

18th March 2026, Vigyan Bhavan, New Delhi



6G Goals

- Customer Experience

Improved customer experience via high-quality services and ubiquitous coverage

- Efficiency

Cost reduction via simplified systems and operations, with AI-driven automation

- Sustainability

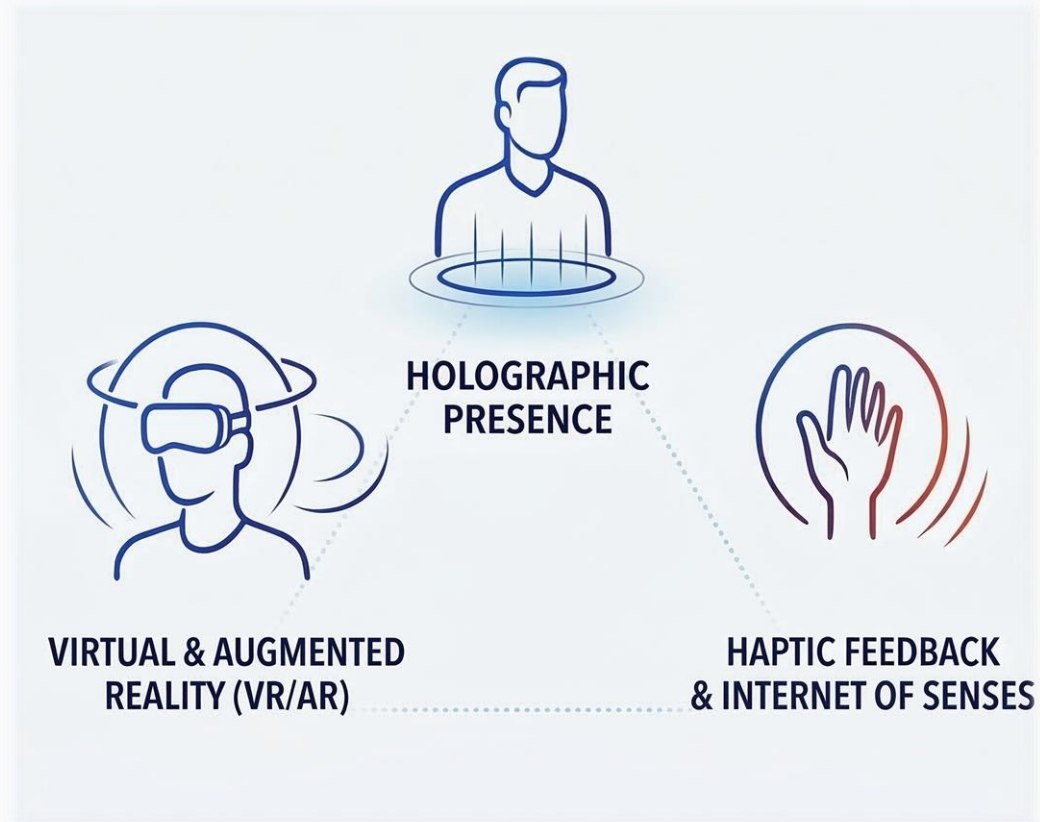
Includes energy efficiency, and contributing to global emissions targets

- Revenue Growth and monetization

Operators should be profitable



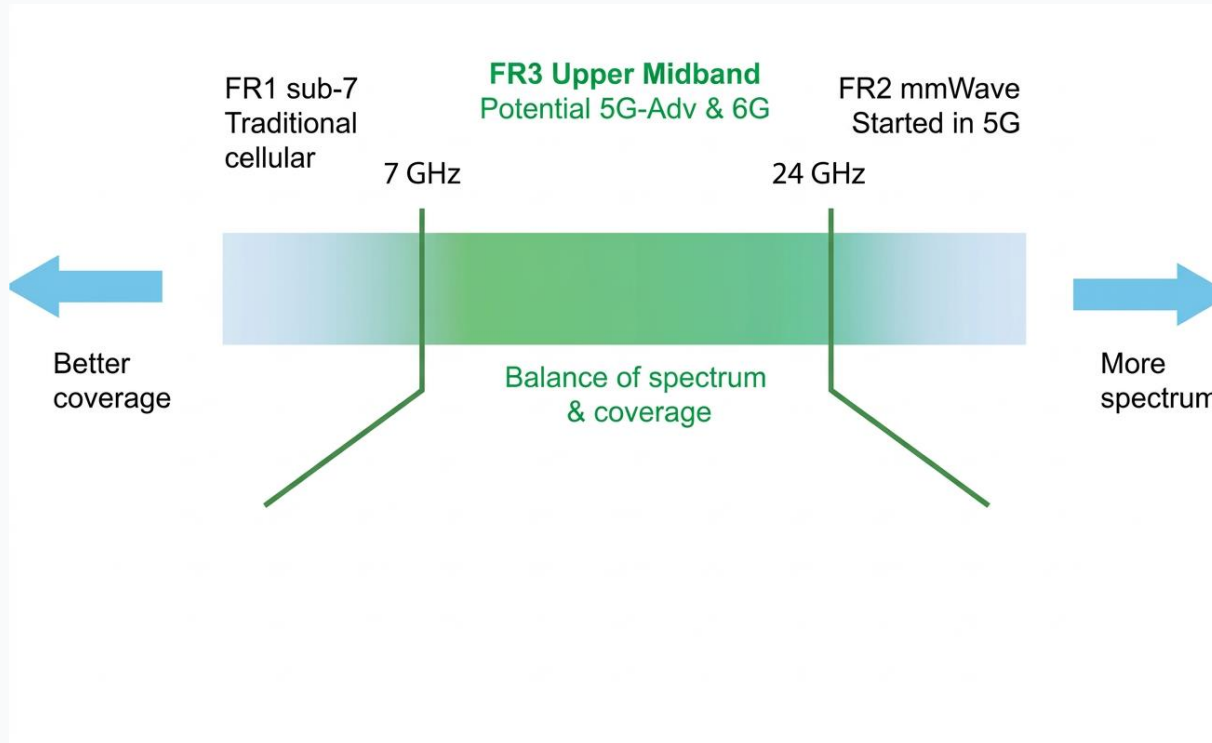
Immersive Communication



- 6G is to have peak data rates of:-
 - Downlink **36 Gbit/s**.
 - Uplink **18 Gbit/s**.
- 6G to support maximum
 - single carrier bandwidth of **400MHz**
 - up to **600 MHz** of aggregated bandwidth
- Enhanced Modulation and coding
 - DL **4K QAM**
 - UL **1K QAM**
- Enhanced duplexing flexibility
 - TDD, FDD, Sub-Band Full Duplex



Immersive Communication - Spectrum



Support for existing FR1 & FR2 spectrum to continue

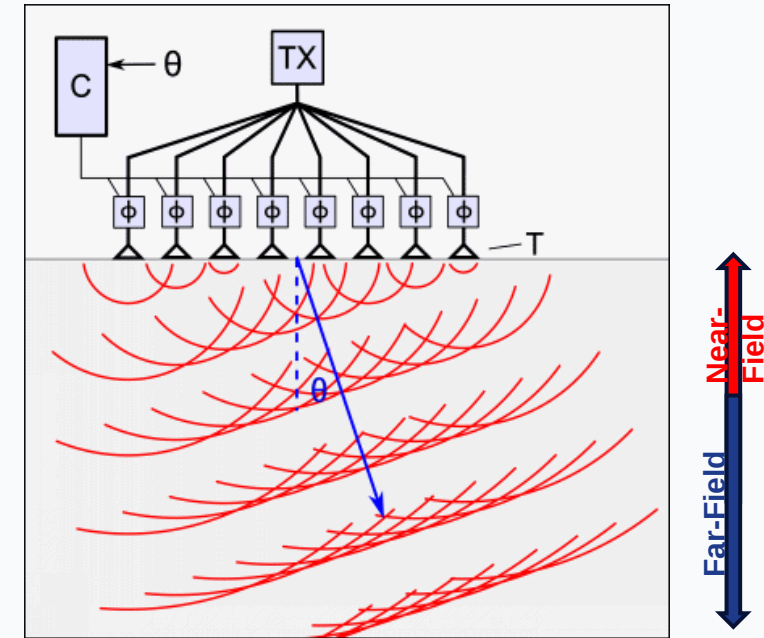
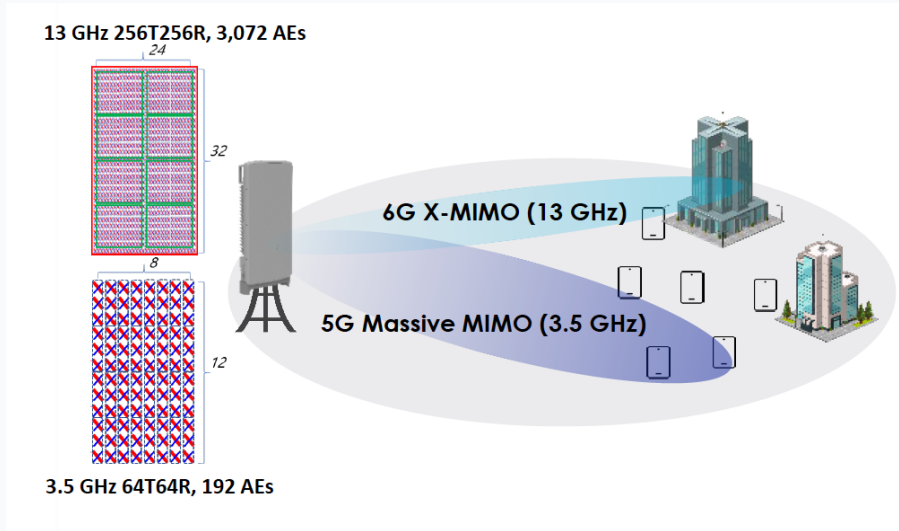
- Performance and efficiency enhancements needed

Support for new spectrum in upper mid band critical

- Desire for deployments based on existing mid band cell site grid
- Evolution of multi-antenna technology



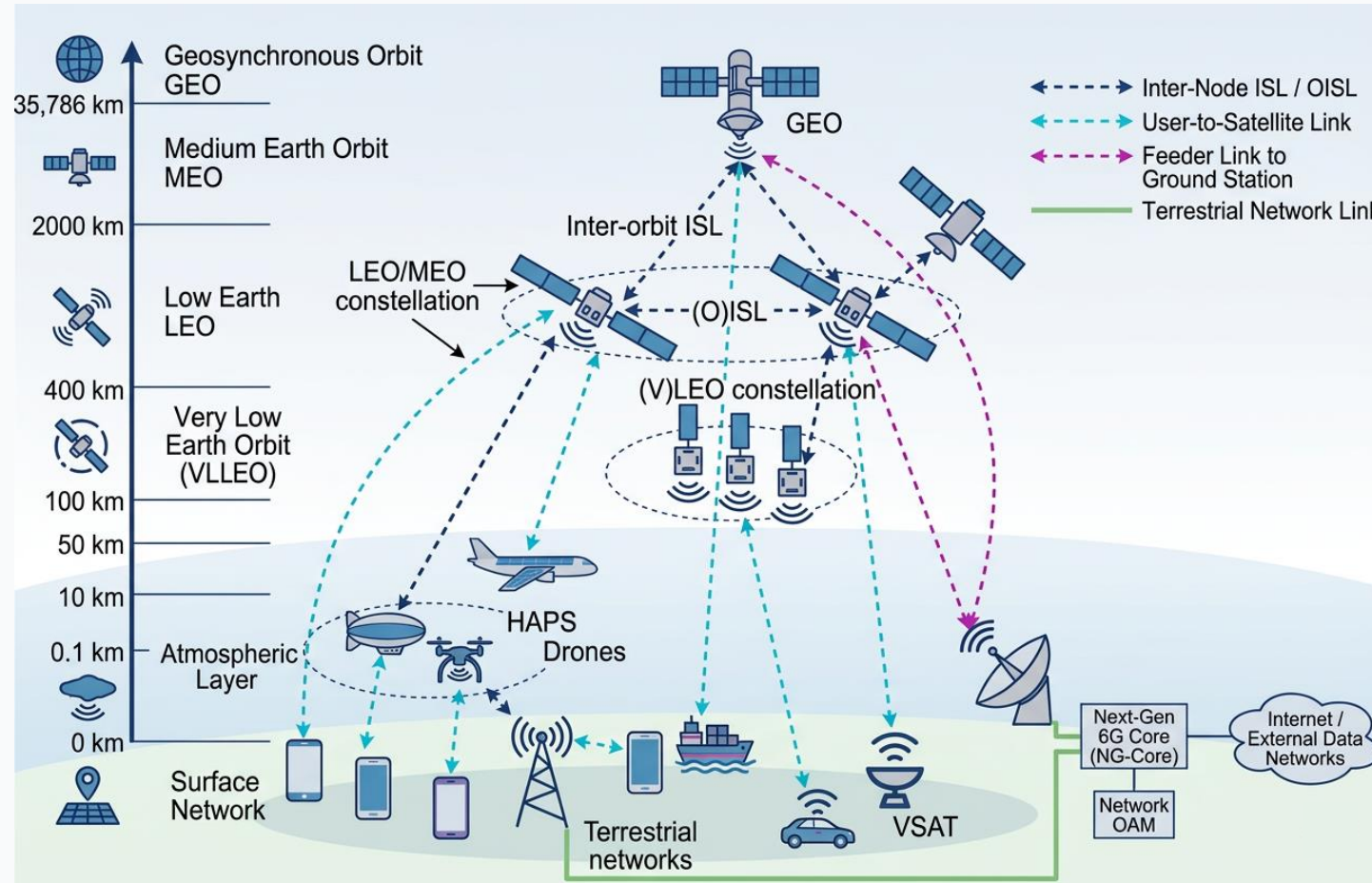
Immersive Communication – XL-MIMO



- Optimized pilots for large antenna arrays
 - >128 antenna ports e.g., **256/512**
- Unified Codebook for diverse mobility
 - Flexible codebook design for low- and high-mobility scenarios
- Efficient Beam Management & CSI Reporting
 - Improved beam tracking and feedback to reduce overhead and latency

Ubiquitous Coverage

- 6G RAN to **inherently support** Terrestrial Network + Non-Terrestrial Network
- Use satellite access to provide backhaul services to local area networks on aircraft, vessels



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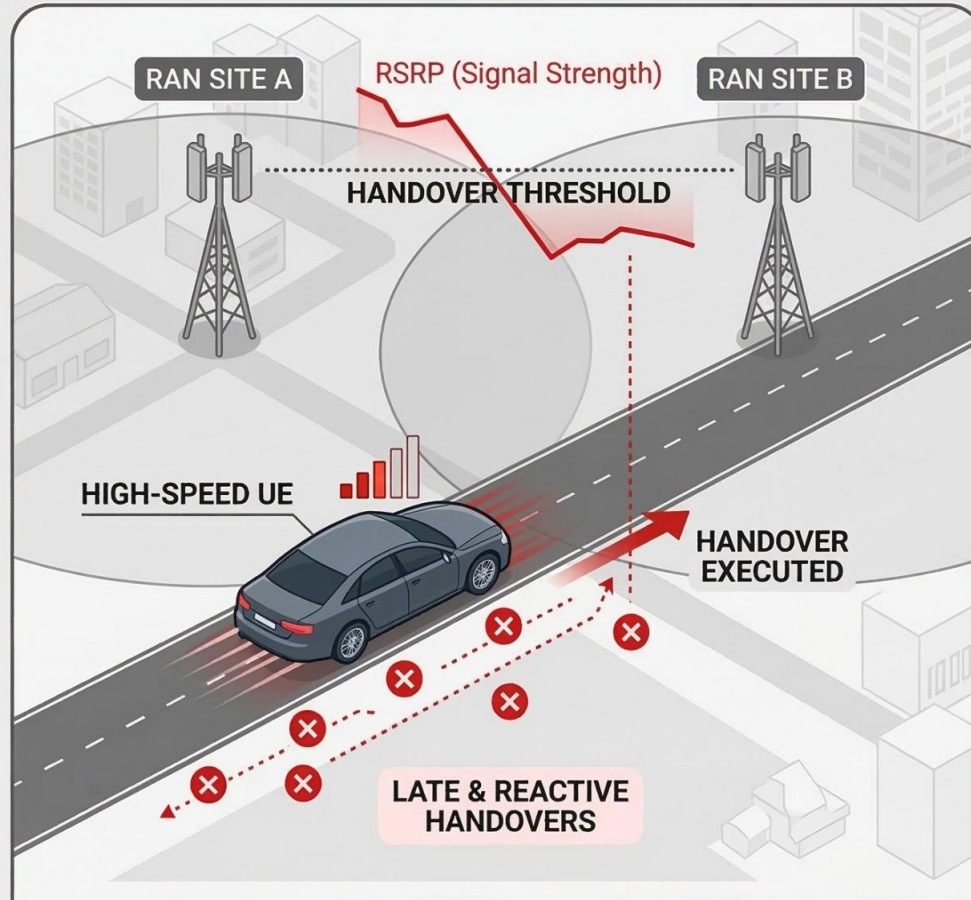
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Operators should be profitable

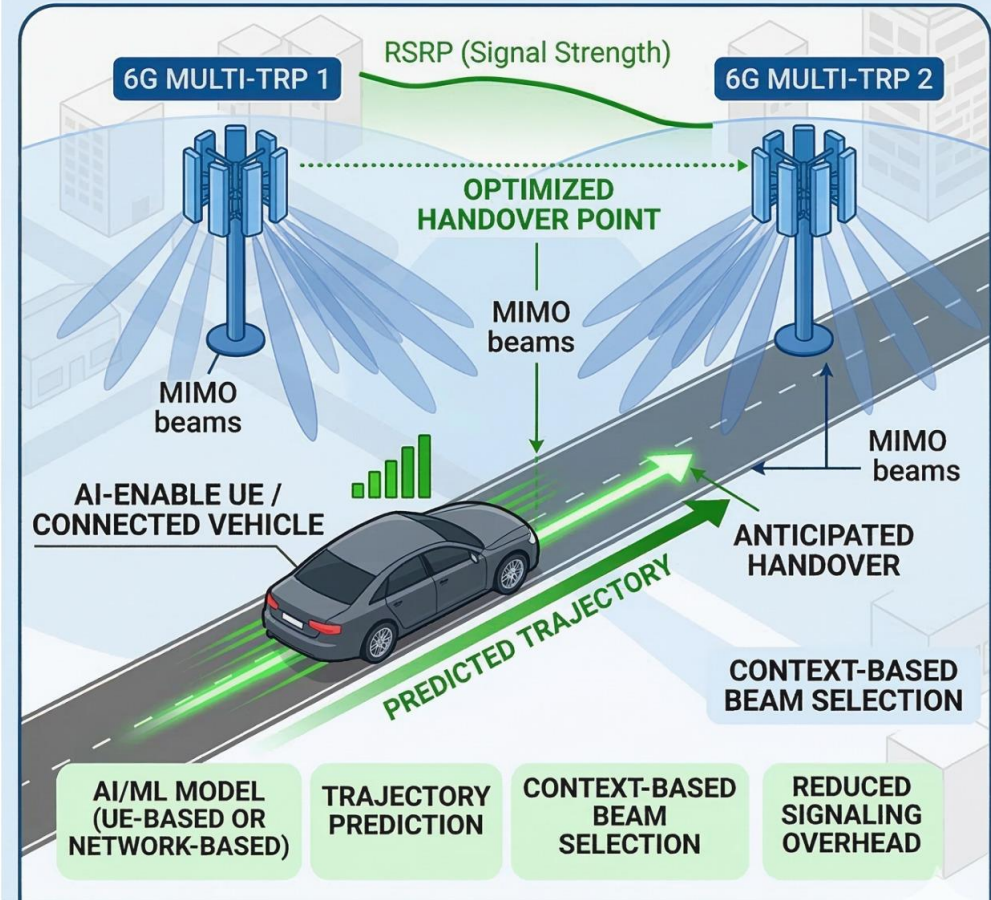


Efficient 6G Network With AI

5G: Classical Threshold-Based Mobility (The Problem)

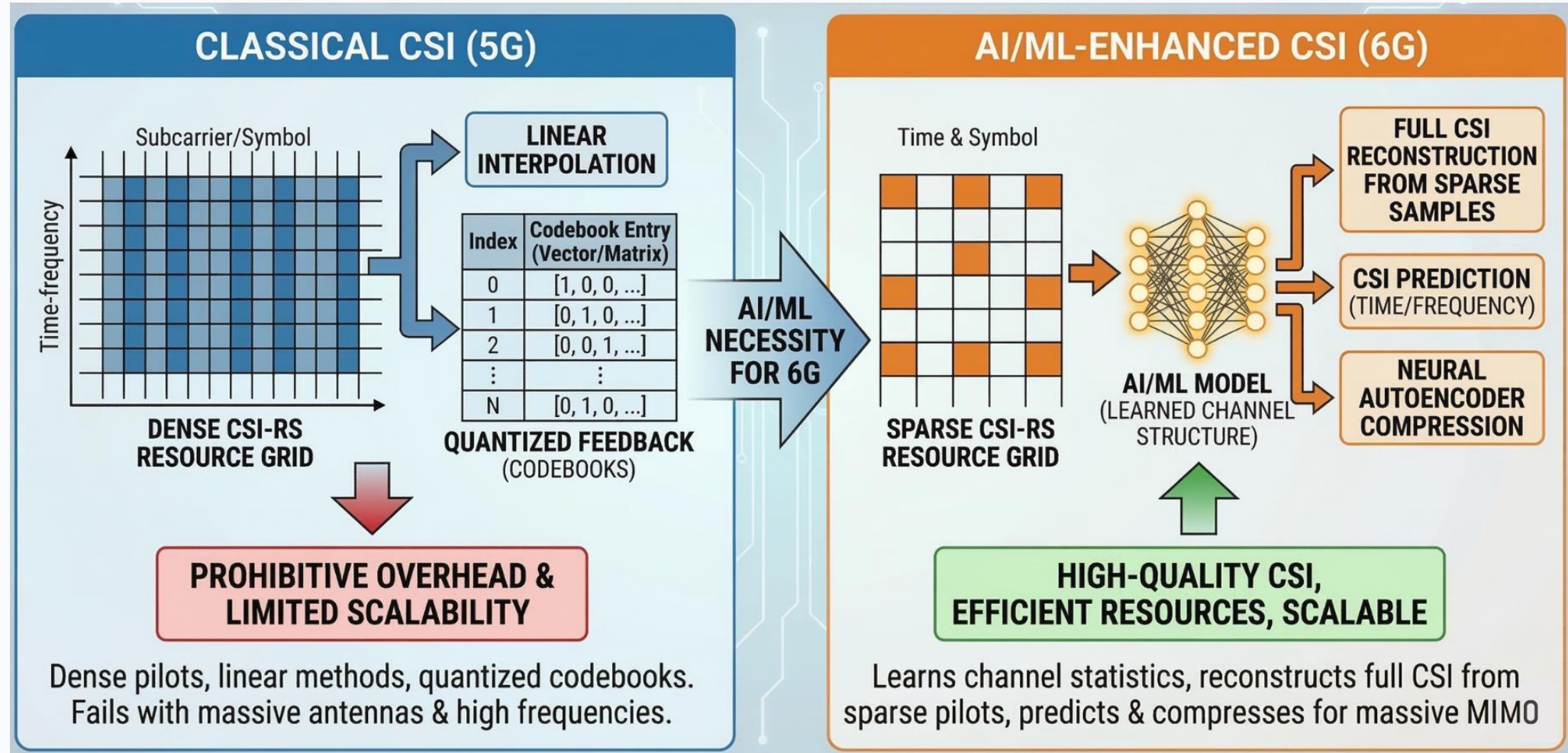


6G: AI-Enhanced Predictive Mobility (The Solution)



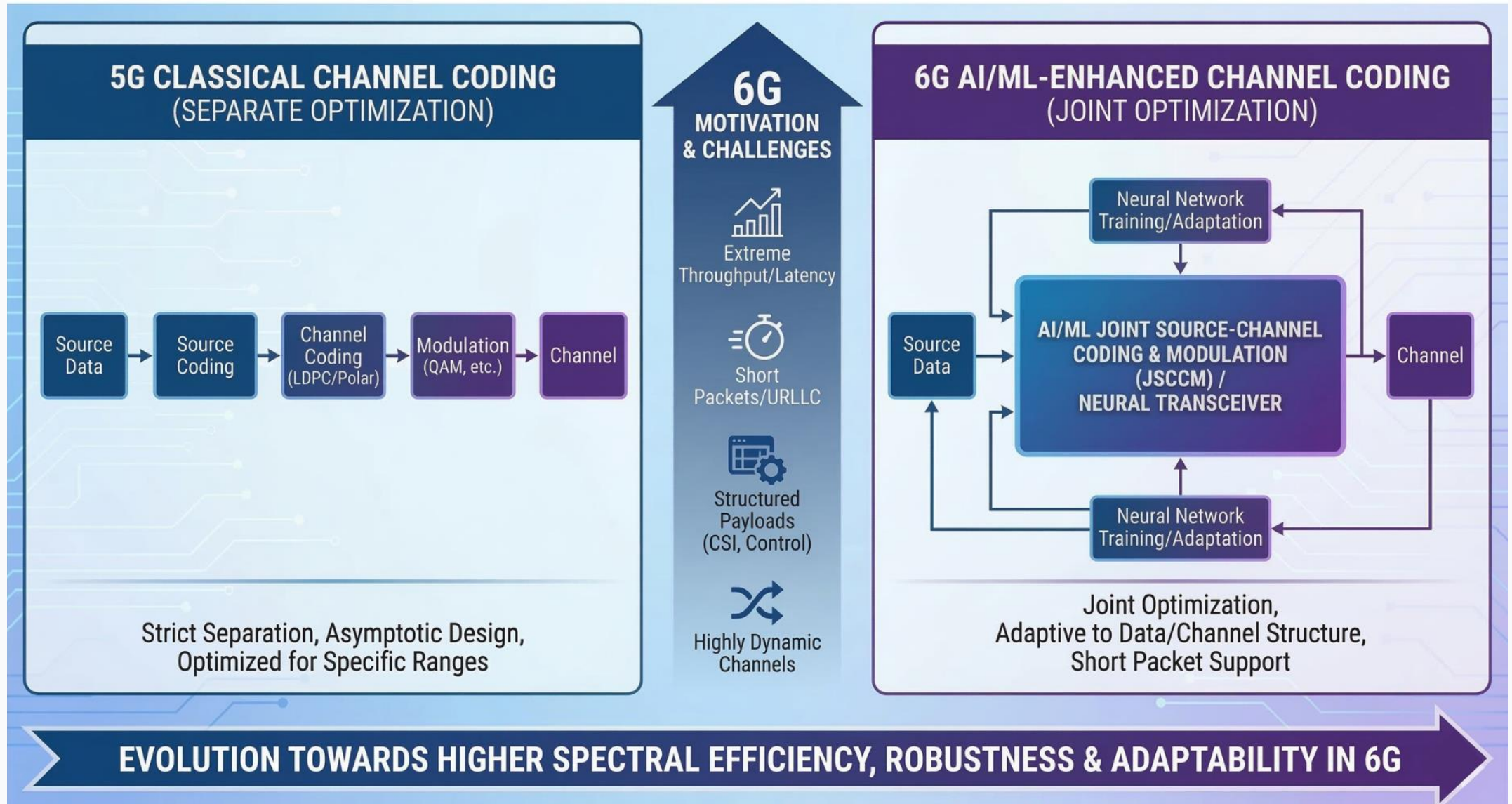
FROM REACTIVE THRESHOLDS TO PREDICTIVE & CONTEXT-BASED MOBILITY IN 6G

Efficient 6G Network With AI



CSI-RS: Channel State Information Reference Signal

Efficient 6G Network With AI



Sustainable/Green 6G Network With AI

6G Energy Challenge: The Motivation



DYNAMIC TRAFFIC
(highly dynamic, variable)



NETWORK DENSIFICATION
(multi-cell, carriers)



DIVERSE SERVICES
(immersive/massive communication)

Traditional 5G Methods: **INSUFFICIENT.**

AI-Enhanced 6G Energy Solutions



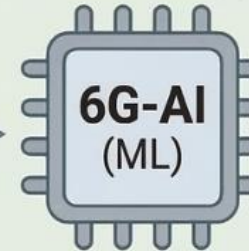
TRAFFIC
PATTERNS



USER MAP



SERVICE
TYPE



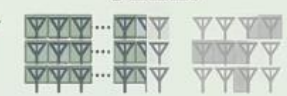
- Deactivate antenna sub-arrays during low demand
- Spatially steer power only to active users

NETWORK ENERGY SAVING (NES)



Proactive Cell & Carrier Management

MASSIVE MIMO SLEEP



Spatial and Sub-array Disabling

UE POWER SAVING (UEPS)



Enhanced DTX/DRX & Signalling OH reduction

6G Goals

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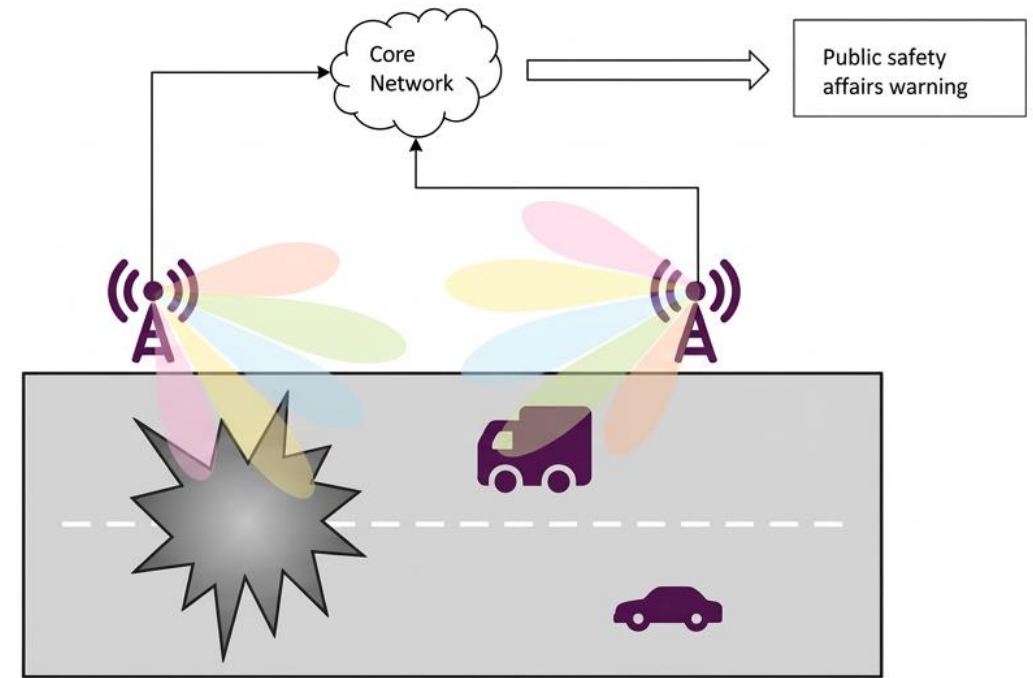


Massive Communication

- 6G is envisioned to cater 10^6 devices per km^2 per IMT-2030 requirements
- Day-1 Versatility: **Native support** for diverse device types and traffic profiles
 - UEs, Fixed Wireless Access, Non Terrestrial Network
- 6G to support **unified Framework** with single, scalable design
 - Will eliminate technology fragmentation

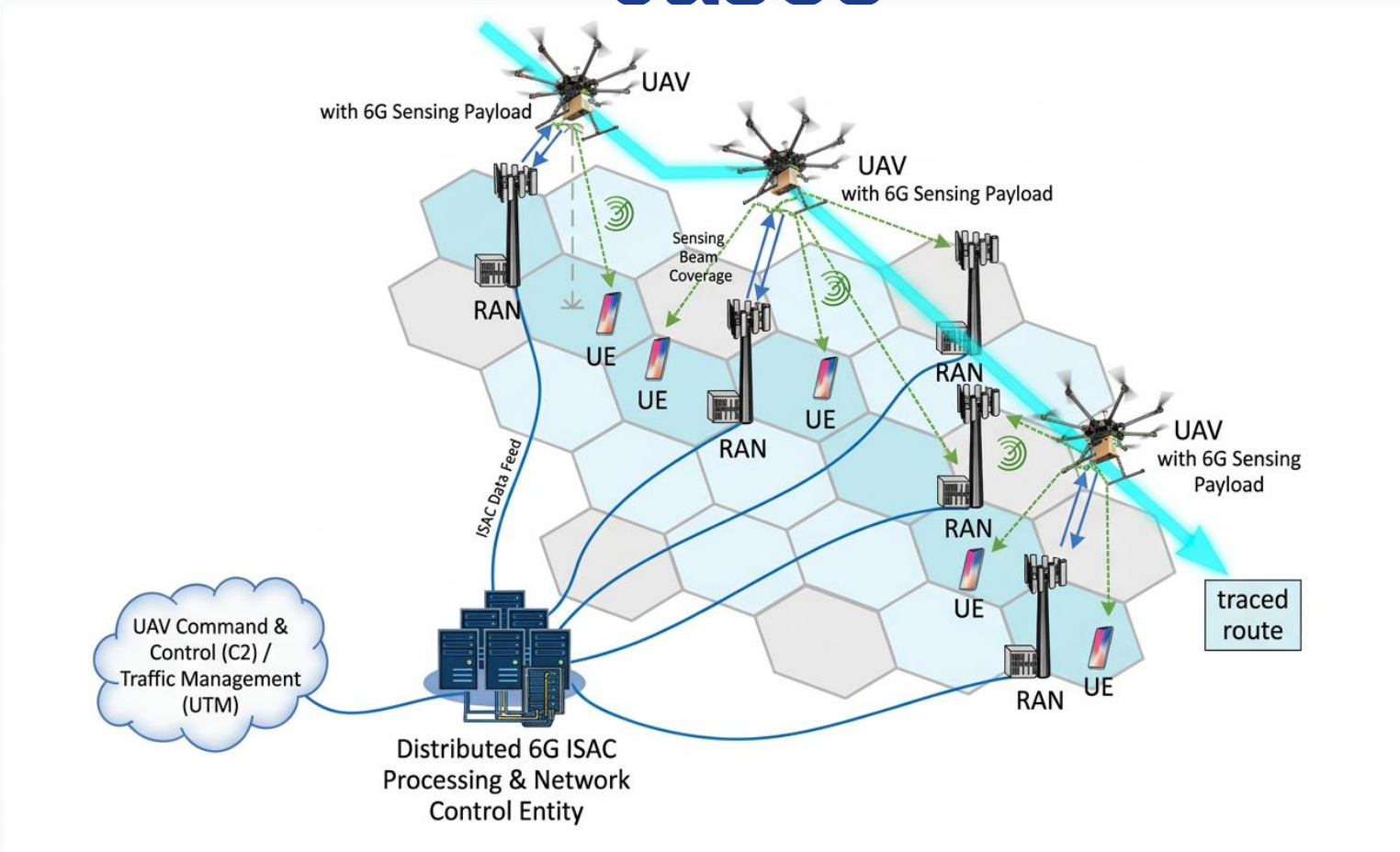


Integrated Sensing and Communication: Use cases



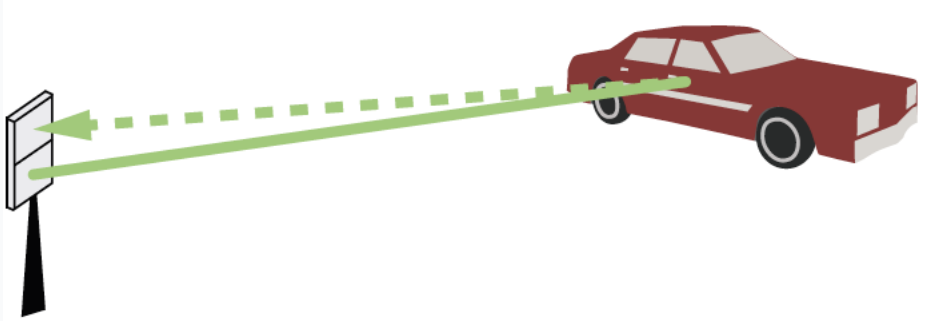
- 6G operator selects BS around or along road to sense infrastructure collapse
 - BSs monitors moving objects and also continuously assess road condition
 - Sensing signals emitted by BSs reach road surface and reflected back to BSs

Integrated Sensing and Communication: Use cases

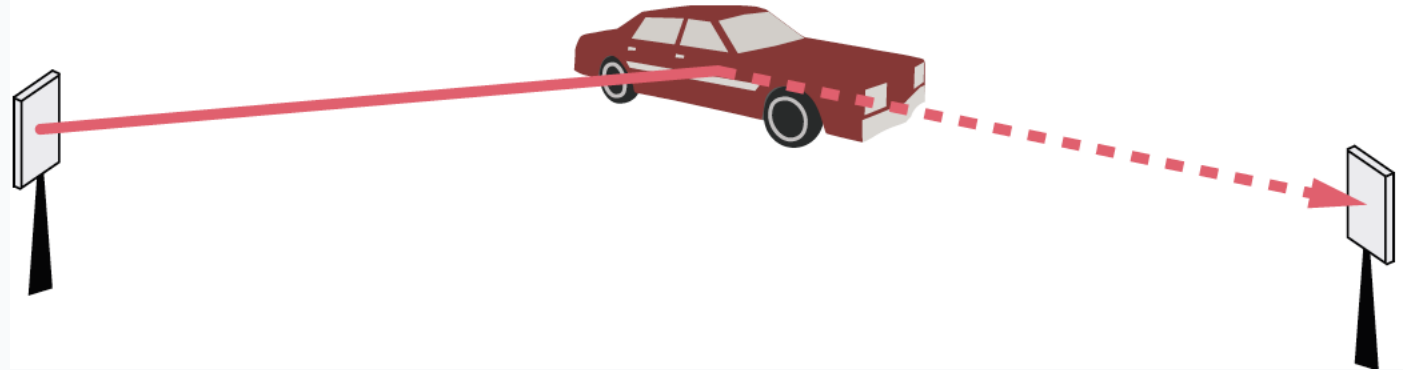


- 6G operator can provide UAV flight trajectory tracking services to third-party application
 - UAV service operators, regulatory agencies
 - Uncrewed Aerial System Traffic Management systems

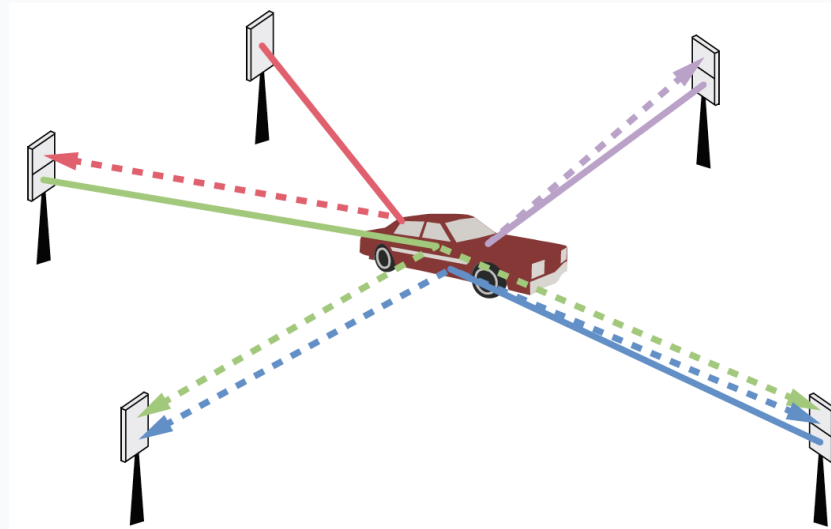
ISAC modes



Mono static sensing

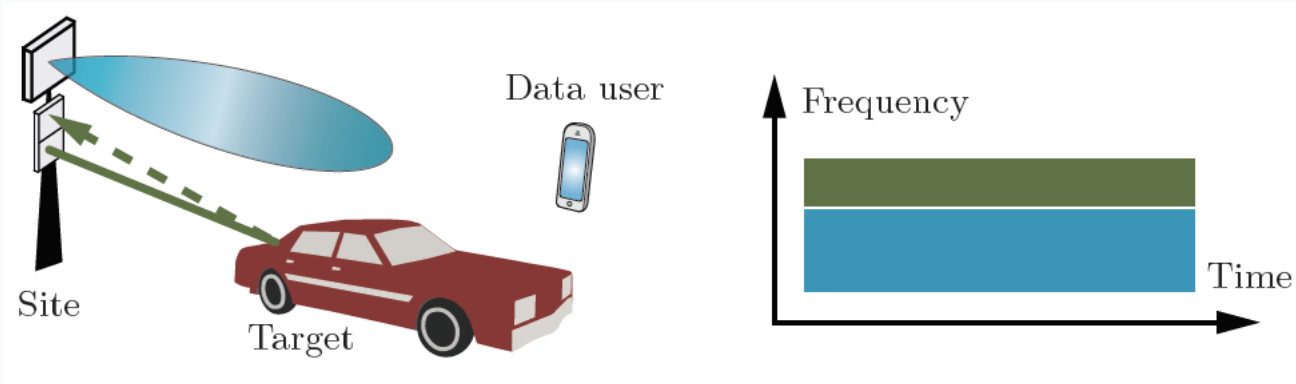


Bi static sensing

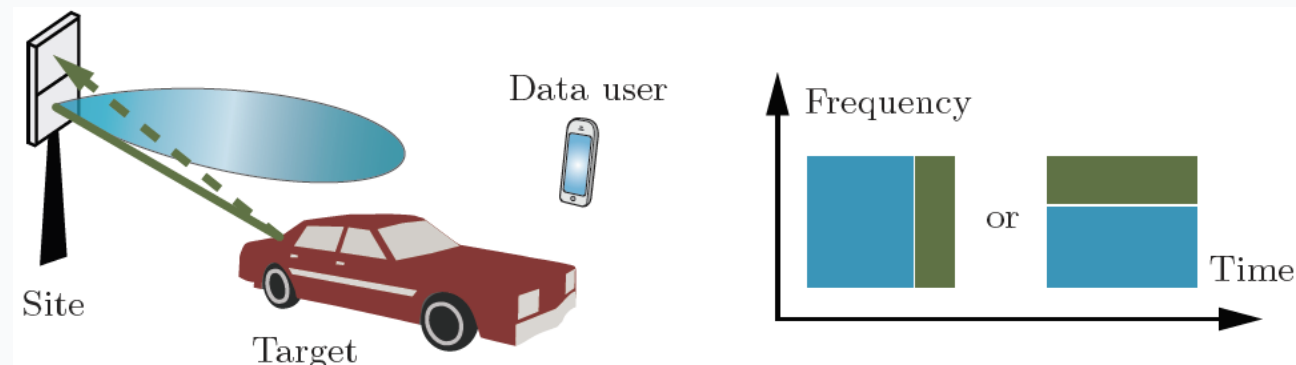


Multi static sensing

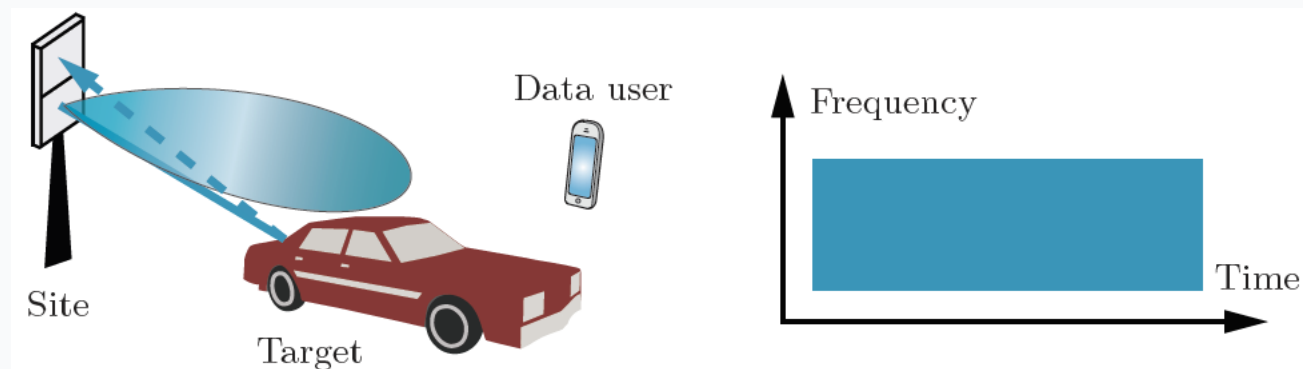
ISAC Hardware Options



First integration level: Site-sharing but separate hardware and frequency resources



Second integration level: Hardware sharing but orthogonal frequency resources

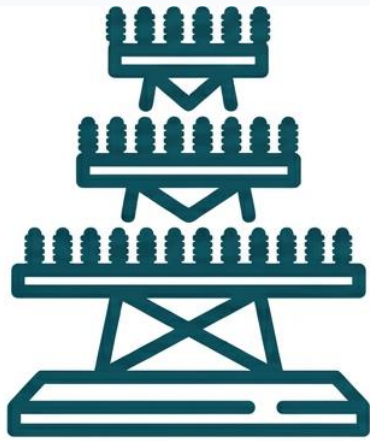


Third integration level: Hardware sharing and frequency resources

RAN Architecture



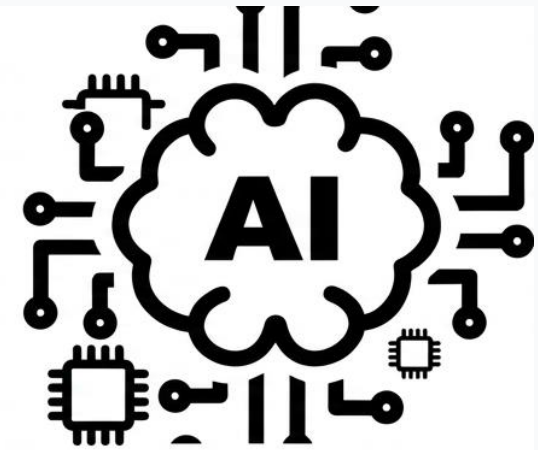
Summary: Key Technologies for 6G RAN



XL-MIMO

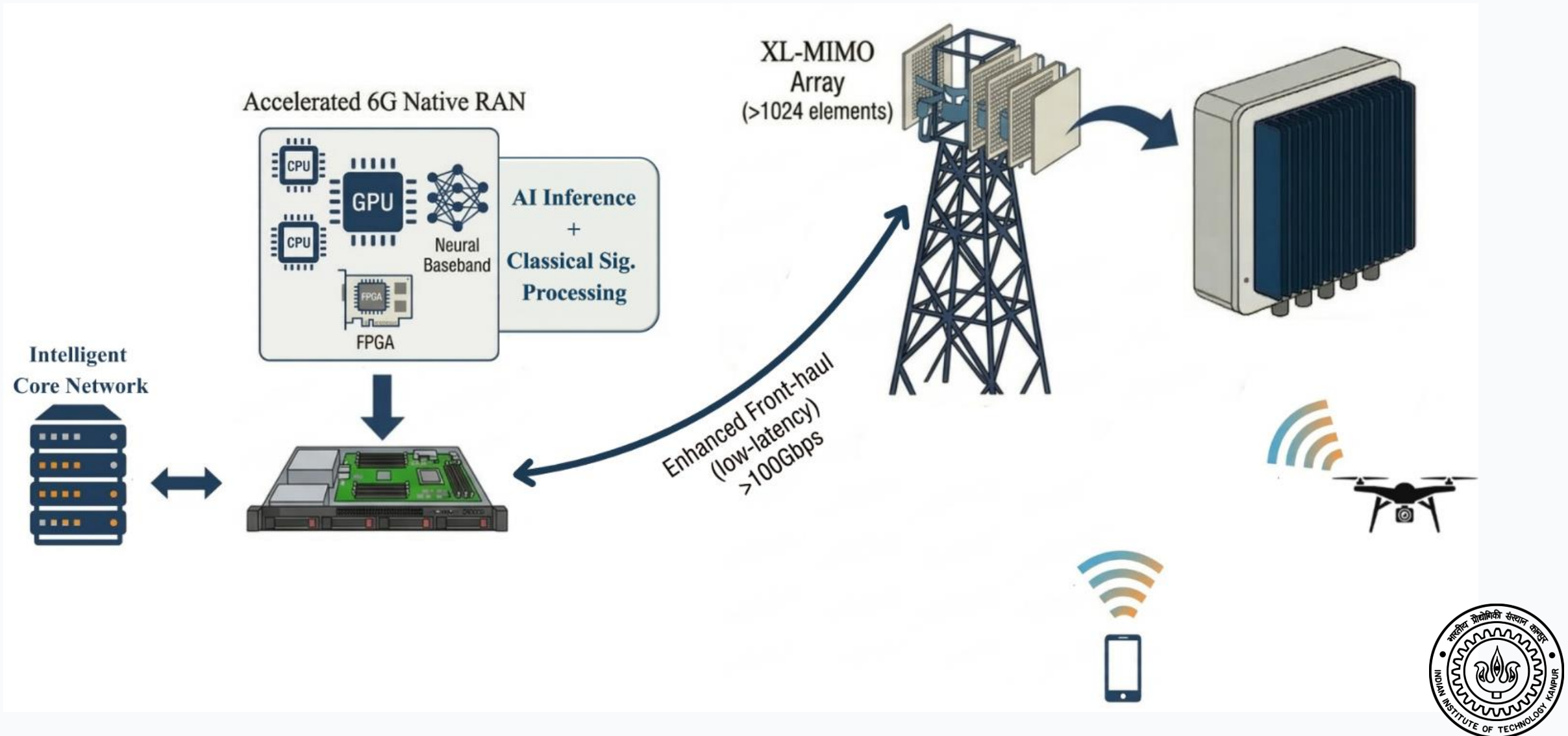


Sensing

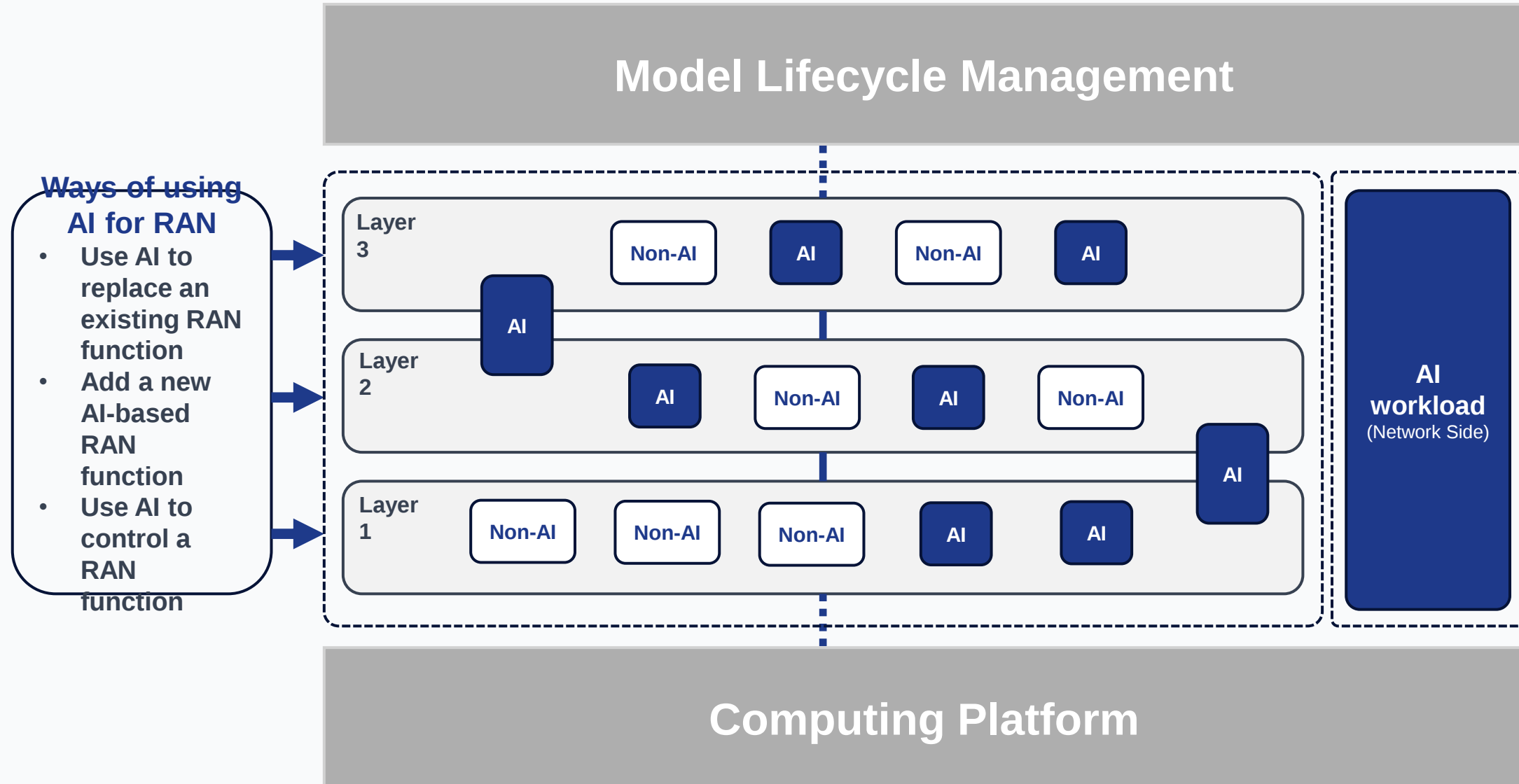


AI/ML

AI-Native ISAC RAN - Hardware



AI-Native ISAC RAN - Software



Conclusion

- Discussed how 6G RAN will evolve to
 - improve customer experience via high-quality services and ubiquitous coverage
 - enhance efficiency with AI-driven automation
 - increase energy efficiency
 - increase revenue growth and monetization
- Discussed potential 6G RAN architecture

Thank you

